

首届全国人工智能创新应用大赛

AI INNOVATION AND APPLICATION COMPETITION (AIAC)

总决赛

专题赛道：飞桨开源框架前沿模型复现专题赛

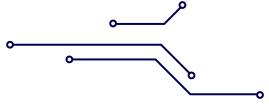
团队名：科研开小差

张佳青（队长） 西安电子科技大学

蒋恺 西安电子科技大学

张鑫 西安电子科技大学





一、介绍



张佳青，西安电子科技大学，信息与通信工程，硕士，研究高光谱目标检测

◆Xie W , Zhang J , Lei J , et al. Self-spectral learning with GAN based spectral-spatial target detection for hyperspectral image[J]. Neural Networks, 2021(8). (学生一作，通讯作者， IF 8.05)

第二届“天智杯”人工智能挑战赛测绘地理与气象水文数据智能化处理应用领域科目，基于卫星遥感资料的云智能识别，一等奖，航天系统部装备部



蒋恺，西安电子科技大学，信息与通信工程，博士，研究高光谱目标检测

◆Jiang K , Xie W , Li Y , et al. Semisupervised Spectral Learning With Generative Adversarial Network for Hyperspectral Anomaly Detection[J]. IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, 2020, 58(7):5224-5236. (第一作者， Top期刊， IF 5.6)

◆Jiang K , Xie W , Lei J , Jiang T , Li, Y . LREN: Low-Rank Embedded Network for Sample-Free Hyperspectral Anomaly Detection[J]. AAAI (第一作者， CCF A类会议)

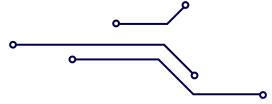
◆Jiang K , Xie W , Lei J , Li Y , et al. E2E-LIADE: End-to-End Local Invariant Autoencoding Density Estimation Model for Anomaly Target Detection in Hyperspectral Image[J]. IEEE Transactions on Cybernetics, doi: 10.1109/TCYB.2021.3079247. (第一作者， Top期刊， IF 11.448)



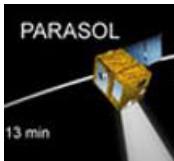
张鑫，西安电子科技大学，信息与通信工程，博士，研究高光谱目标检测，模型压缩

◆Xie W , Zhang X , Li Y , et al. Background Learning Based on Target Suppression Constraint for Hyperspectral Target Detection[J]. IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Applied Earth Observations and Remote Sensing, 2020, 13:1-1.(学生一作，通讯作者， IF 3.827)

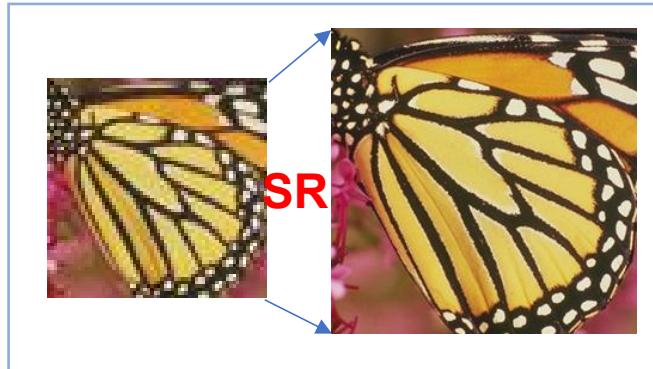
◆Xie W , Zhang X , Li Y , et al. Weakly Supervised Low-Rank Representation for Hyperspectral Anomaly Detection[J]. IEEE Transactions on Cybernetics. (学生一作，中科院一区， Top 期刊， IF 11.079)



二、背景分析



remote sensing



traffic monitoring



VR/AR



identity verification



disease diagnosis

图像超分

论文名称
ClassSR A General Framework to Accelerate Super-Resolution Networks by Data Characteristic

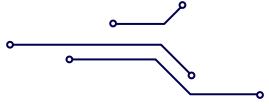
数据集
DIV2K

验收指标
PSNR=26.39
FLOPs=21.22G(65%)
(Test2K, ClassSR-RCAN)

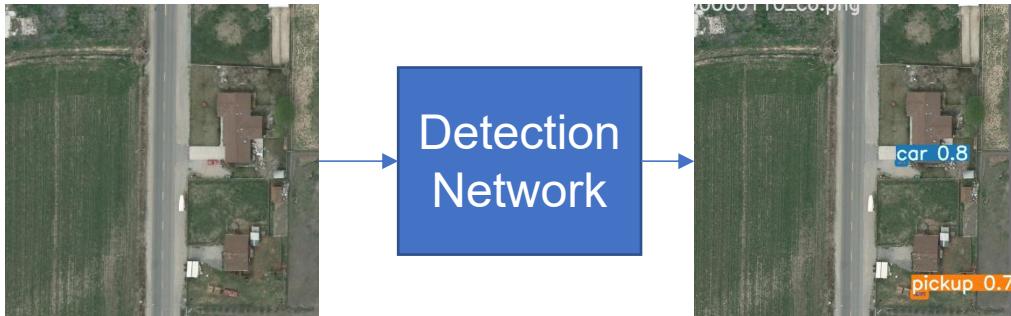


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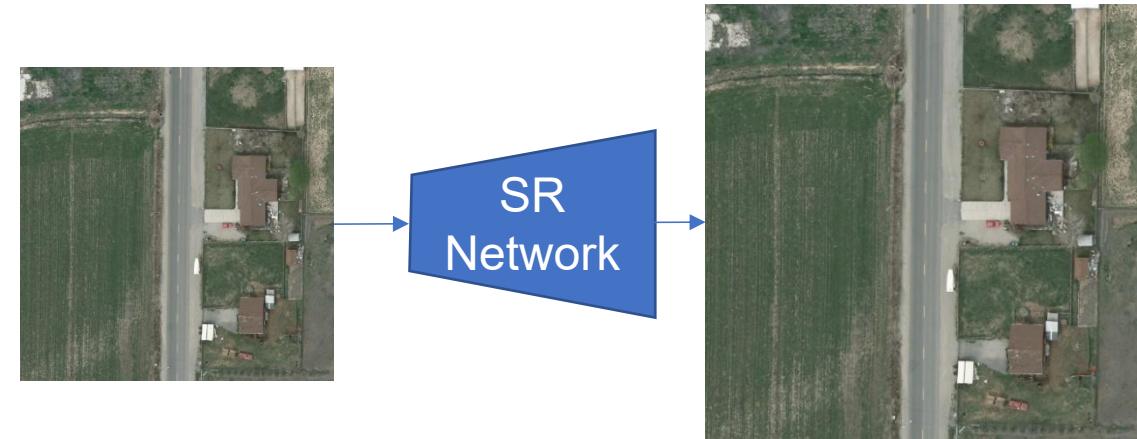
二、背景分析



特征图的分辨率会随着
网络深度的增加而下降

计算成本相对较低

	Input size	#Params	Flops
YOLOv4	320	64.4M	35.5G
YOLOv3-tiny	320	8.9M	3.3G
YOLObile	320	4.6M	4.0G

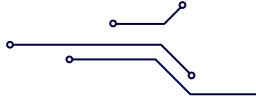


降低特侦图的分辨率会降低性能
需要在整个网络中保持完整的分辨率

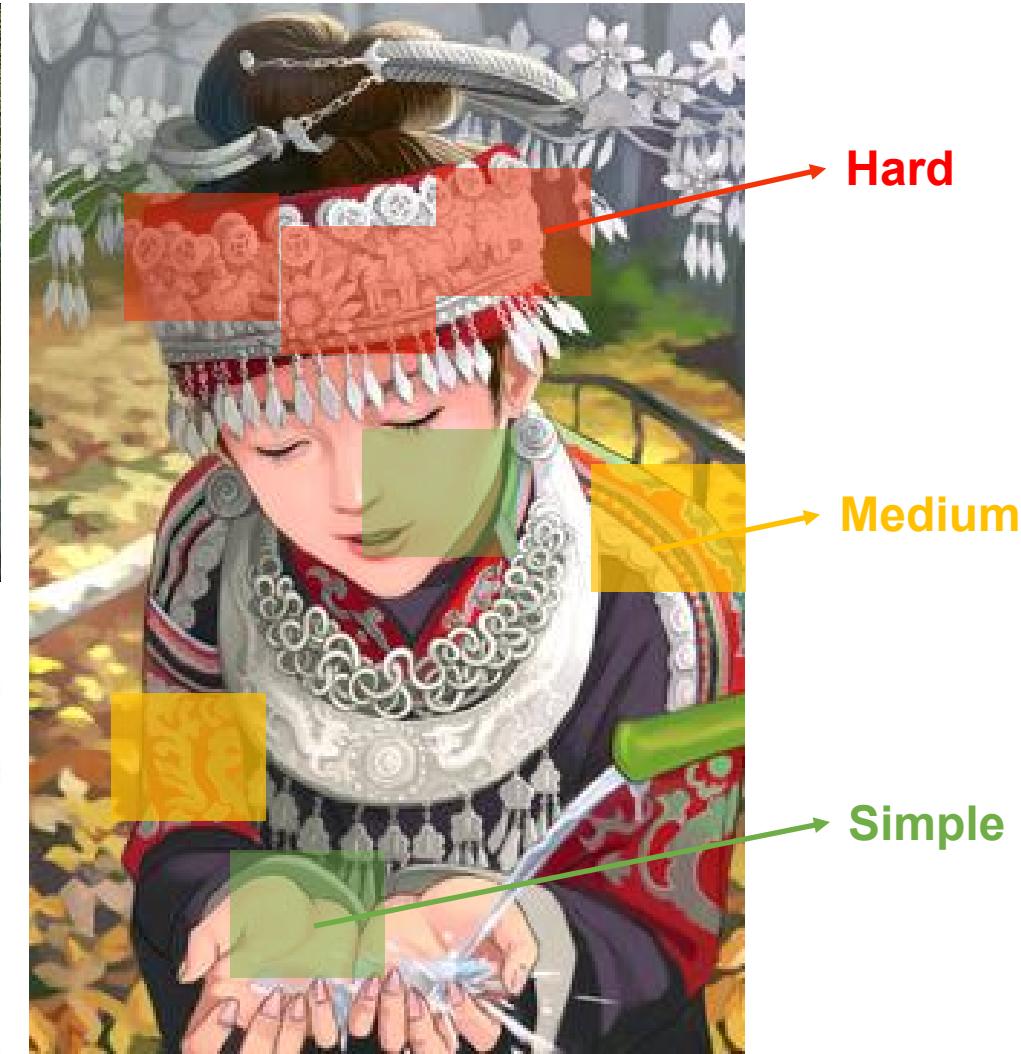
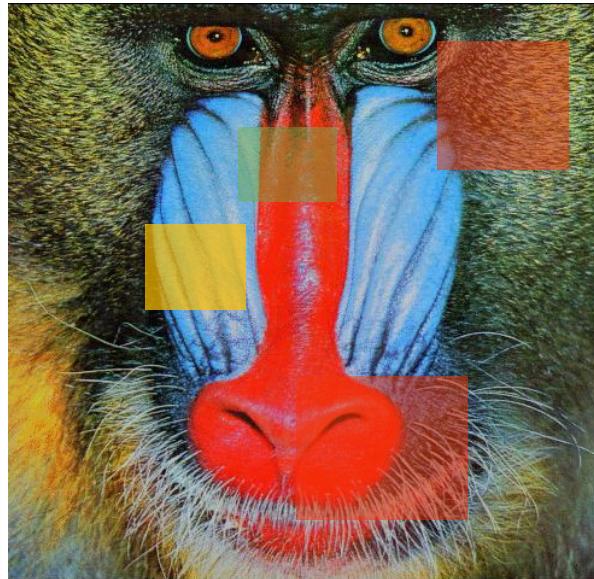
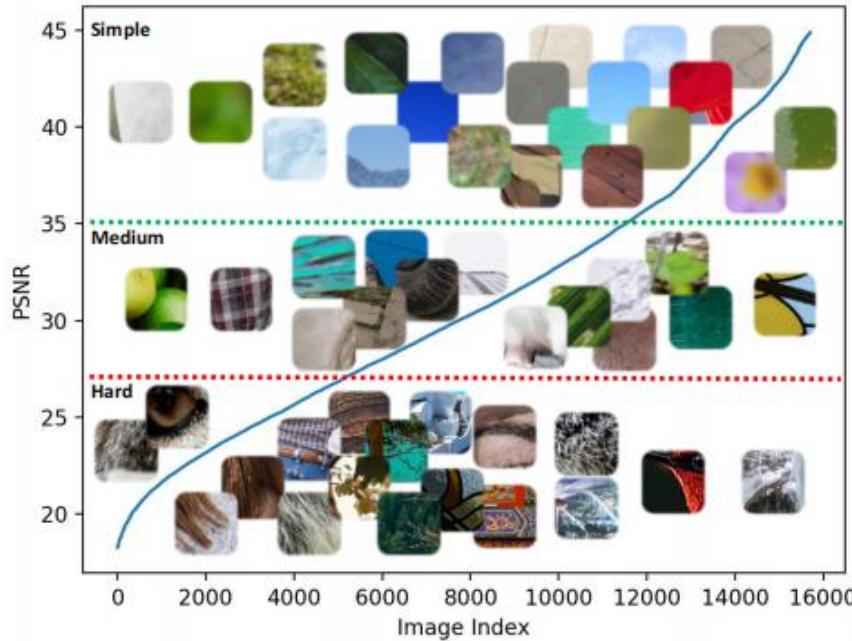
计算成本很高

	Input size	#Params	Flops
VDSR	320	0.7M	272.5G
CARN	320	1.6M	99.1G
SRFBN-S	320	0.3M	255.3G

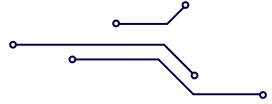




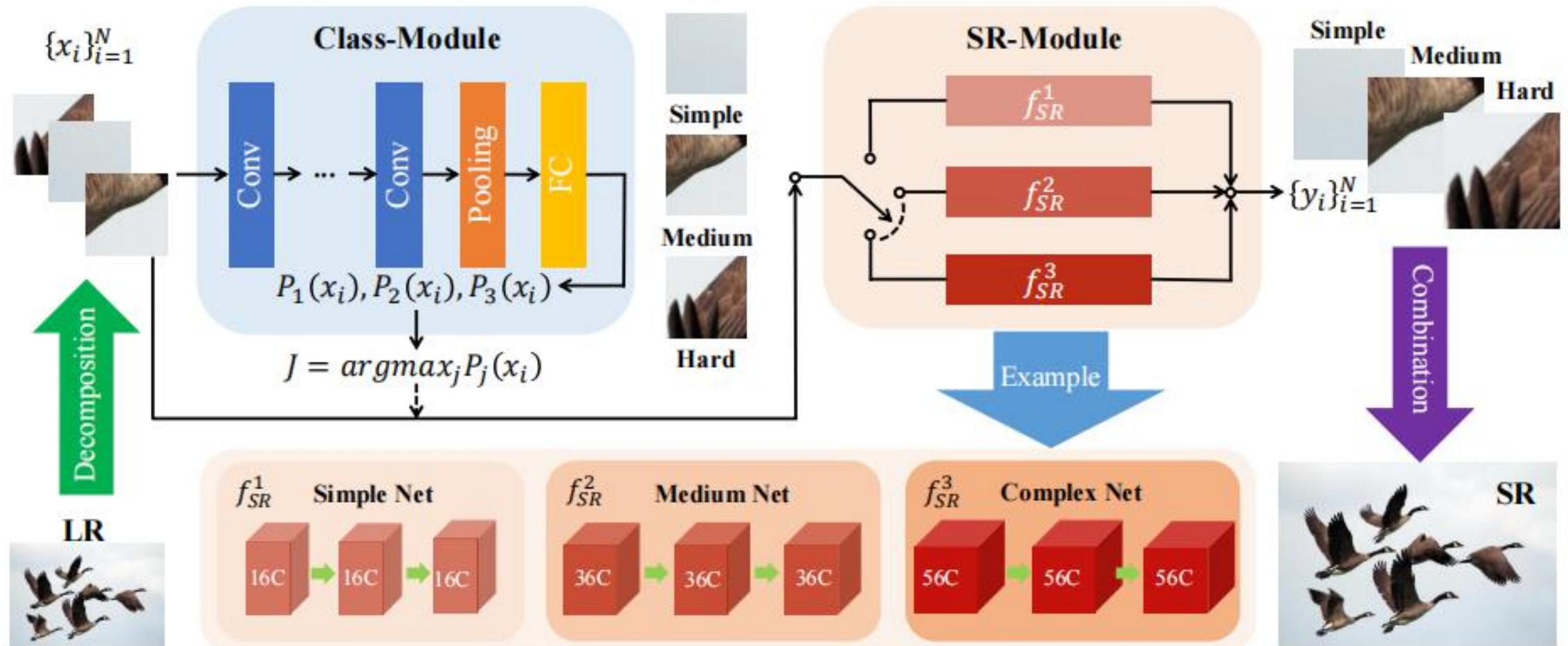
二、背景分析

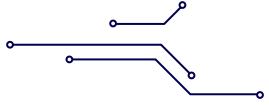


Model	FLOPs	Simple	Medium	Hard
FSRCNN (16)	141M	42.71dB	-	-
FSRCNN (36)	304M	-	29.62dB	-
FSRCNN (56)	468M	-	-	22.73dB
FSRCNN-O (56)	468M	42.70dB	29.69dB	22.71dB



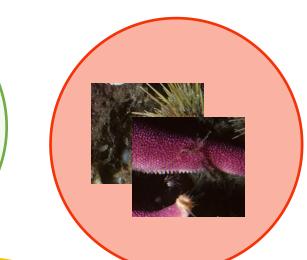
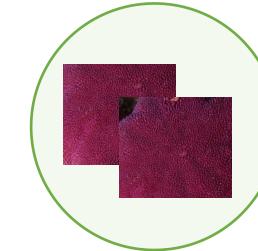
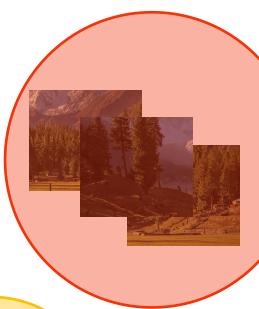
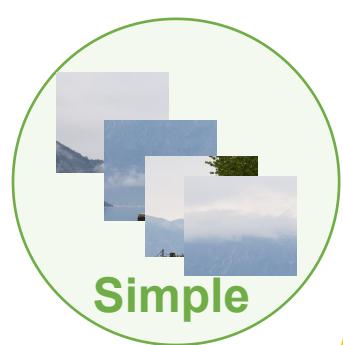
三、实现方案



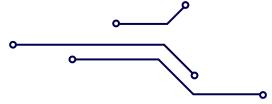


三、实现方案

以RCAN为例：切分子块

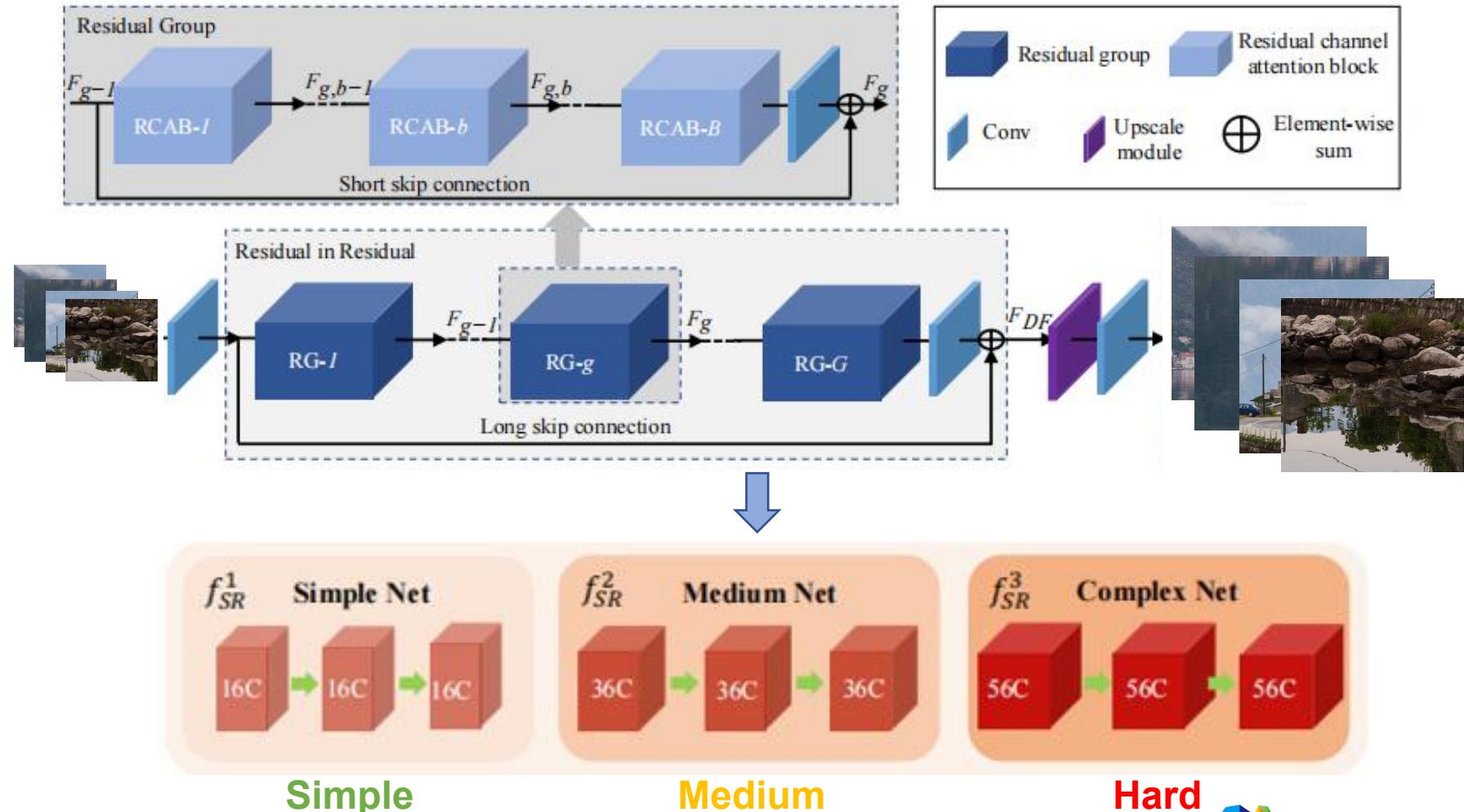


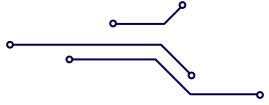
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三、实现方案

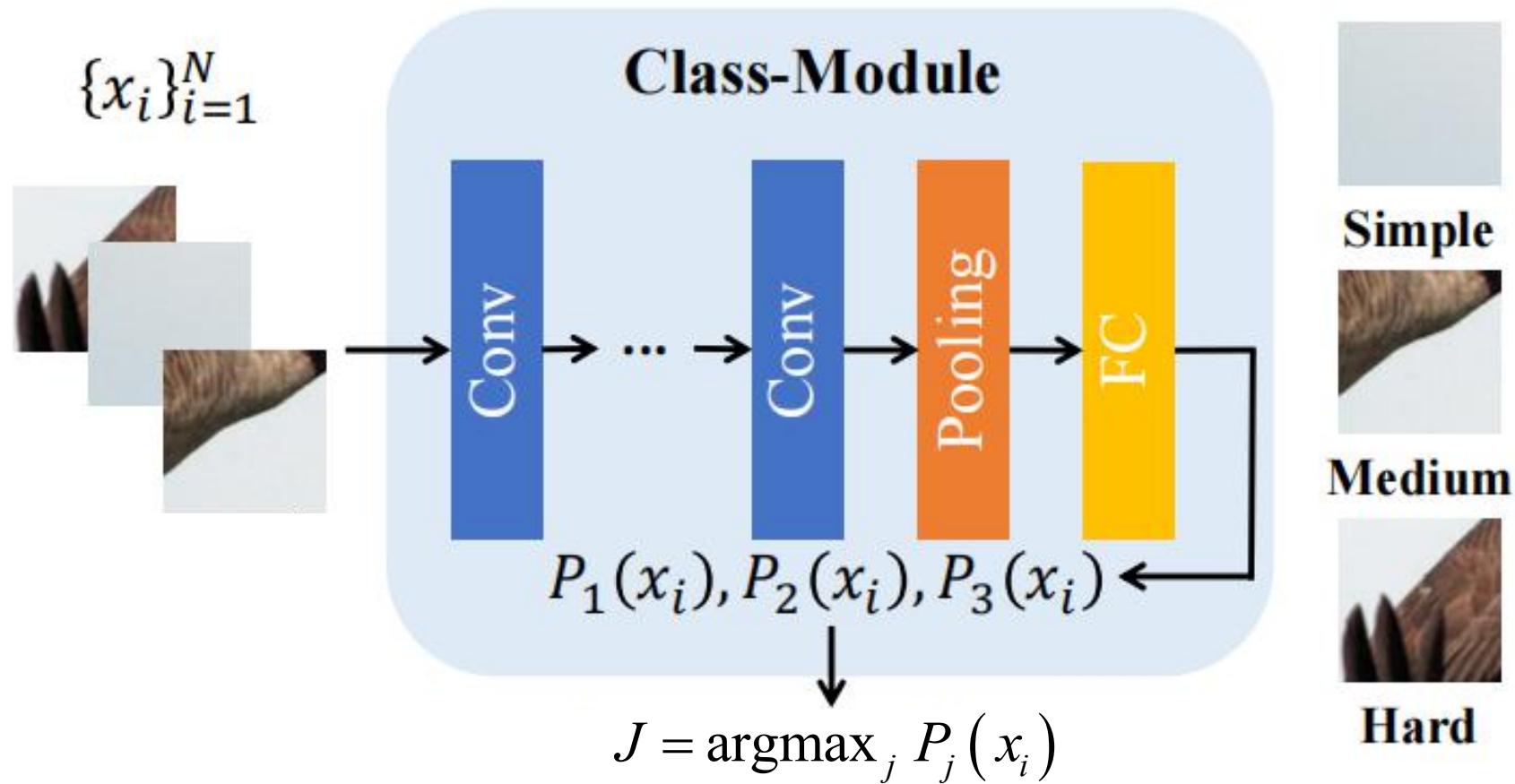
以RCAN为例：改变特征图的通道数构建不同大小的超分网络

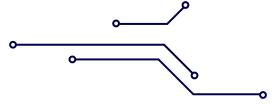




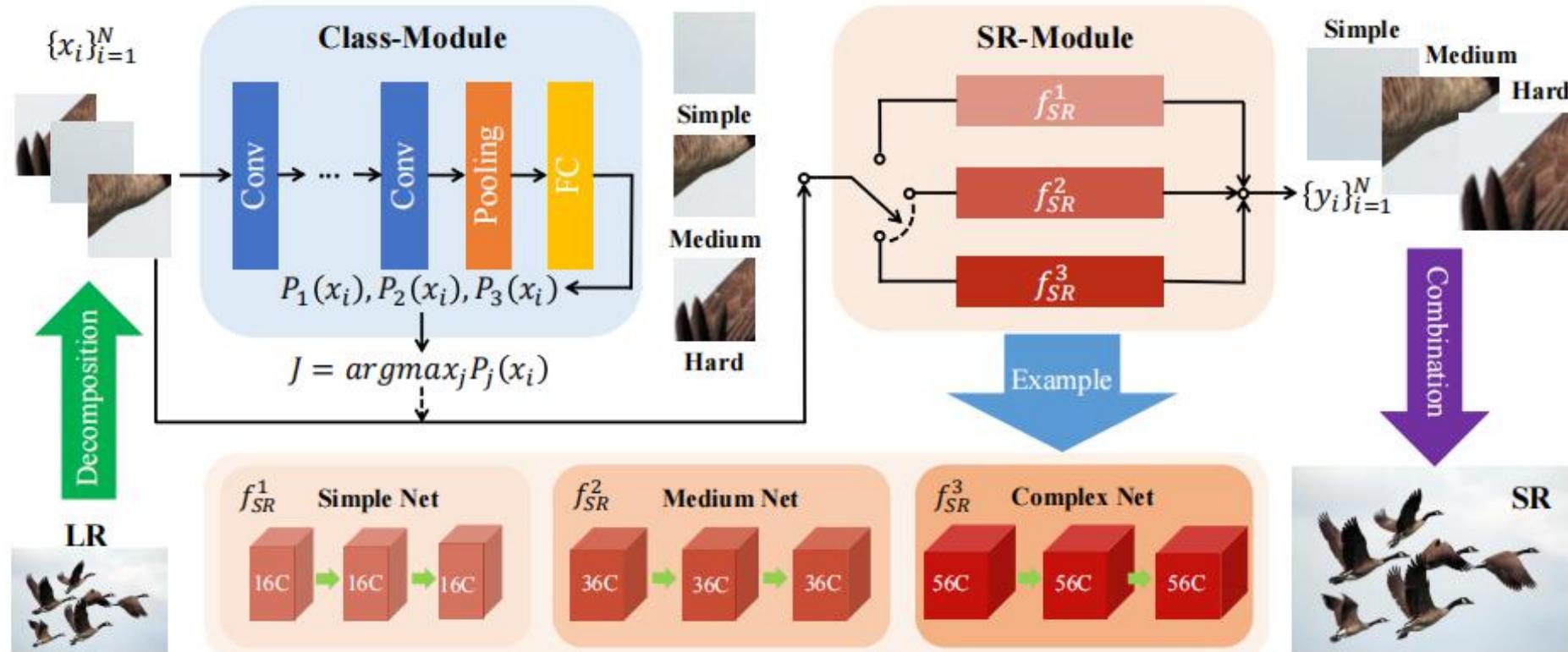
三、实现方案

以RCAN为例：构建分类器





三、实现方案



类损失

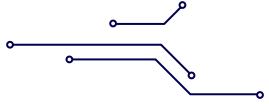
$$L_c = - \sum_{i=1}^{M-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^M |P_i(x) - P_j(x)|, \text{s.t. } \sum_{i=1}^M P_i(x) = 1$$

平均损失

$$L_a = \sum_{i=1}^M \left| \sum_{j=1}^B P_i(x_j) - \frac{B}{M} \right|$$

重建损失

$$L_1(x, y) = \sum_{i=0}^N |y_i - x_i|$$



四、赛题成果



GT



LR



ClassSR



RCAN-branch1

-	Model	Iteration	Test5
原论文	RCAN	-	30.275dB
复现	RCAN	52.5w	30.281dB

RCAN-branch2

-	Model	Iteration	Test5
原论文	RCAN	-	30.593dB
复现	RCAN	99w	30.492dB

RCAN-branch3

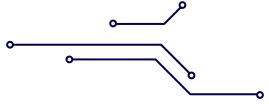
-	Model	Iteration	Test5
原论文	RCAN	-	30.430dB
复现	RCAN	98w	30.178dB

图像分割	论文名称 ClassSR A General Framework to Accelerate Super-Resolution Networks by Data Characteristic	数据集 DIV2K	验收指标 PSNR=26.39 FLOPs=21.22G(65%) (Test2K, ClassSR-RCAN)
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https://github.com/icey-zhang/ClassSR_paddle



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四、赛题成果



GT
LR
ClassSR



GT
LR
ClassSR

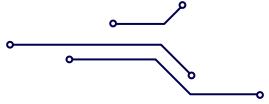
	Model	Test2K	FLOPs
原论文	ClassSR-RCAN	26.39dB	21.22G(65%)
复现	ClassSR-RCAN	26.38dB	21.36G(65.5%)

图像分割	论文名称 ClassSR A General Framework to Accelerate Super-Resolution Networks by Data Characteristic	数据集 DIV2K	验收指标 PSNR=26.39 FLOPs=21.22G(65%) (Test2K, ClassSR-RCAN)
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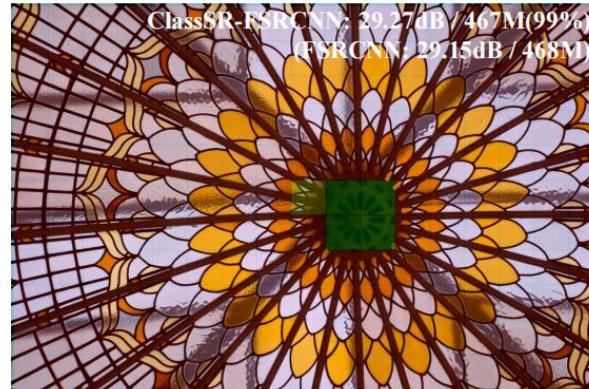


五、技术创新与工程化

计算成本的降低



DIV2K-0843 (2K)



DIV2K-0821(2K)



Test4K-1333 (4K)

超分网络的痛点：网络规模过大，需要大量计算资源，它可以在高性能服务器上取得较好的效果，但是在低功耗的边缘设备上部署困难，难以落地。

Model	Parameters	Test8K_2K	FLOPs	Test8K_4K	FLOPs	Test8K	FLOPs
FSRCNN-O	25K	28.72dB	468M(100%)	30.27dB	468M(100%)	32.66dB	468M(100%)
ClassSR-FSRCNN	113K	28.73dB	282M(60%)	30.30dB	259M(55%)	32.73dB	236M(50%)
CARN-O	295K	29.33dB	1.15G(100%)	30.88dB	1.15G(100%)	33.18dB	1.15G(100%)
ClassSR-CARN	645K	29.29dB	0.72G(63%)	30.86dB	0.67G(58%)	33.24dB	0.61G(53%)
SRResNet-O	1.5M	29.55dB	5.20G(100%)	31.13dB	5.20G(100%)	33.50dB	5.20G(100%)
ClassSR-SRResNet	3.1M	29.56dB	3.20G(62%)	31.14dB	2.95G(57%)	33.50dB	2.70G(52%)
RCAN-O	15.6M	29.83dB	32.60G(100%)	31.41dB	32.60G(100%)	33.76dB	32.60G(100%)
ClassSR-RCAN	30.1M	29.80dB	18.98G(58%)	31.40dB	17.46G(54%)	33.73dB	16.19G(50%)

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总决赛

主办单位：中国信息通信研究院 中国人工智能产业发展联盟

深圳赛区及总决赛联合主办单位：深圳市工业和信息化局 深圳市龙华区人民政府

深圳赛区及总决赛联合协办单位：深圳市智慧城市科技发展集团有限公司

支持单位：中国互联网协会

专题赛道承办单位：



大赛官网：<http://www.aiinnovation.com.cn/>



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